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TRUMP AND PUTIN ARE PUPPETS OF ISRAEL

INTRODUCTION

Edward Slavsquat welcomes the return of Iurie Rosca, a Moldovan journalist currently living in exile. Since their last discussion nearly two years ago, Rosca has been sentenced in absentia in Moldova, a development he characterizes as a politically motivated witch hunt. Despite the precarious nature of his current situation, Rosca provides an updated analysis of the shifting geopolitical landscape and the underlying powers influencing global conflict.

THE MERCHANT MENTALITY OF THE KREMLIN

A recurring theme in Rosca's analysis is the characterization of Vladimir Putin not as a traditional dictator or a nationalist hero, but as a careerist guided by a merchant mentality. This perspective is supported by the fact that Russia continued to pay Kiev for gas transit through Ukraine well into 2025 and has maintained its supply of enriched uranium to the United States. Putin himself has acknowledged the paradoxical nature of these arrangements, noting that while war persists, contractual business obligations regarding gas transit have been regularly fulfilled. Rosca argues that this business-first approach defines Russia's strategy in negotiating a settlement with Washington.

THE POWER OF PRIVATE ENTITIES AND OLIGARCHS

According to Rosca, the Russian head of state does not truly govern the country. Instead, power rests with private entities, big business, and a clique of oligarchs who control the banking system and energy resources. He asserts that these groups form a network of Israeli influence that has embedded its representatives within the Kremlin's state structures and media apparatus. In this view, the public image of Putin as an all-powerful leader is a smokescreen intended to hide an oligarchic and xenocratic regime that has usurped power from the Russian people.

Since the fall of the Soviet Union in 1991, Russia has been absorbed into a West-centric neoliberal paradigm where politics is subordinate to economic factors. Rosca likens the Kremlin's pragmatic and often transactional foreign policy to the famous phrase from The Godfather: nothing personal, just business. This mentality explains why Russia has frequently abandoned or betrayed nations within the so-called axis of resistance, including Libya, Syria, Iraq, Venezuela, and Iran.

RUSSIA AS A DOUBLE VASSAL

The conduct of the Special Military Operation (SMO) further illustrates this merchant perspective. Putin has expressed interest in cooperating with American corporations to extract natural resources within Russia and the newly annexed territories in Eastern Ukraine. Rosca points out that the war is not being waged with the intent of achieving a total military victory; if it were, there would be a full mobilization of the economy and conscripts. Instead, the Russian economy continues to operate normally, and the fighting is largely conducted by paid contractors and mercenaries rather than a traditional patriotic army.

Rosca defines Russia's current geopolitical standing as that of a double vassal. Economically, Russia has been colonized by China, becoming essentially a provider of raw materials following the imposition of Western sanctions in 2014. Politically, the Kremlin's willingness to accept the U.S. President as a mediator in the Ukrainian conflict signals a position of subordination to Washington. He suggests that the United States is following a strategy inherited from the British Empire, using a proxy war to deplete Russia's resources and eventually seize control of its natural wealth.

THE CORPORATE NATURE OF NEGOTIATIONS

The identities of the primary negotiators involved in the Ukraine peace process suggest that the conflict is being managed by financial rather than diplomatic interests. The U.S. delegation has been led by Jared Kushner and Steve Witkoff, both of whom are real estate developers with ties to the Chabad-Lubavitch sect rather than professional diplomats. On the Russian side, Putin's envoy, Kirill Dmitriev, was educated in the United States and worked for major American corporations. Rosca argues that these individuals do not represent the national interests of their respective states but are instead agents of international big business.

HIDDEN GOALS OF THE SPECIAL MILITARY OPERATION

While alternative media often reports that Russia has already won the SMO, Rosca contends that the officially stated goals have not been met. However, he believes the hidden objectives of those managing the conflict are being fulfilled. These goals include the depopulation and destruction of both Ukraine and Russia through massive human loss and economic ruin. He posits that the war serves as a catalyst for the UN 2030 Agenda, which seeks to establish a global technocratic tyranny or a digital GULAG. This process follows the occult principle of solve et coagula—dissolve and coagulate—aimed at dismantling the old order to establish a transhumanist New World Order.

THE AXIS OF RESISTANCE AND ZIONIST INFLUENCE

Rosca is highly critical of the notion that an effective axis of resistance exists against the West. He describes both Donald Trump and Vladimir Putin as instruments of the Israeli lobby. He claims that since 1991, Zionist networks have heavily infiltrated Russian power structures, including the economy and the media.

Key figures within Putin's inner circle, such as Anatoly Chubais, Sergei Kiriyenko-Izraitel, and Roman Abramovich, are cited as evidence of this influence. Furthermore, Rosca points to the role of Chief Rabbi Berel Lazar and the historical influence of figures like Henry Kissinger in shaping the Russian administration. He argues that Russia's lackluster support for allies under attack by the Israel-USA axis—and its duplicitous stance regarding conflicts in Gaza, Lebanon, and Syria—stems from the subordination of its foreign policy to international Zionism.

POLITICAL PERSECUTION IN MOLDOVA

Regarding his personal situation, Rosca explains that he has been a target of legal prosecution in Moldova since 1989. His most recent legal troubles began in 2017 under the administration of oligarch Vlad Plahotniuc, who initiated charges of trafficking in influence. In August 2024, Rosca was sentenced to six years in prison, which was later modified to an enforceable four-year sentence by the Court of Appeal in September 2025.

Rosca attributes this sentence to the influence of President Maia Sandu, whom he describes as a representative of the Soros network in Moldova. While he is currently safe outside of his home country, he remains committed to his work as a journalist and editor, asserting that he does not seek favors from any center of power.